



ABN: 74674346310

BUCKSKIN HORSE ASSOCIATION - NSW

RULES & REGULATIONS

1 Colour

- i) Horses and ponies which are genetically buckskin, smoky black, dun or grulla are acceptable for registration in the Buckskin Studbook or Appendix of the Society. Horses and ponies of cremello, perlino, smoky cream, pearl, champagne, mushroom, silver, pinto or a combination of these colours are eligible for registration in the Other Coloured Registry of the Society.
- ii) For the purposes of these regulations, the term Buckskin shall be taken to mean buckskin, smoky black, dun or grulla.
- iii) For the purposes of these regulations, the term Other Coloured shall be taken to mean horses registered in the Other Coloured Registry of the Society.
- iv) For the purposes of these regulations, the term horse shall be taken to mean horse or pony but shall exclude donkey or mule.
- v) Horses of Buckskin colouration which also exhibit appaloosa, paint/pinto, roan or grey characteristics shall not be eligible for registration in the Buckskin Studbook or Appendix.
- vi) Horses with white markings above the elbows & stifles may be eligible for registration at the discretion of the Registrar. Blue eyes are permitted.
- vii) Should appaloosa, paint, roan or grey characteristics develop after registration, the registration will be amended to that of Other Coloured Registration should the horse be otherwise eligible on the basis of colour or if ineligible then the registration will be cancelled and the horse shall be ineligible for exhibition in Buckskin events or to be advertised as a registered Buckskin.
- viii) Horses of dark or difficult to determine colouration will require genetic DNA testing in order to determine their eligibility for registration unless they have a cremello, perlino or smoky cream parent or have produced a cremello, perlino or smoky cream foal or have produced a Buckskin or Palomino foal to a non-dilute stallion/mare.
- ix) Horses with a grey, roan, appaloosa or paint parent where it cannot be conclusively determined that those genes are not present will require genetic DNA testing in order to determine their eligibility for registration. Geldings which are genetically paint or appaloosa but which exhibit no paint or appaloosa characteristics will be eligible for registration, should characteristics develop after registration then the registration will be amended to the Other Coloured Registry if otherwise eligible or cancelled.

2 Registration Requirements

- i) Application for registration will only be accepted from the legal owner of the horse who must be a financial member of the Society. If the applicant is a company or partnership then the application must be in the same name as that appearing in the membership records.
- ii) Clear colour photographs must be submitted with any application for registration. Where doubt

exists as to the correct colour of the horse then genetic testing by DNA will be required prior to registration in order to confirm eligibility.

- iii) All horses must be either branded or microchipped in order to be eligible for registration with the exception of Quarter Horses which have been DNA typed. In such cases the DNA number as recorded with AQHA must be provided.

Registration Categories: The Society maintains the following registers

i) Foal Recording Register

All colts must be foal recorded and then adult registered between prior to the age of four years as at 1st August or before they are used at stud, whichever occurs sooner. Colts can be stallion registered as foals providing they meet the stallion registration requirements. Foals with unknown colour parentage or where there is any question as to the adult colour may also be foal recorded. Where a foal recorded horse has not been adult registered by the age of four, the foal recording will lapse and the horse will be deemed unregistered.

ii) Adult Buckskin Stud Book & Appendix & Other Coloured Registry

Buckskin Stallions, mares, fillies & geldings which are acceptable on the basis of colour may be registered in the Studbook or Appendix of the Society.

Other Coloured stallions, mares, fillies & geldings which conform to the colour requirements of the Other Coloured Registry will be recorded in the Registry.

A Certificate of Hereditary soundness confirming that the stallion has both testicles descended into the scrotum shall be submitted with any application for stallion registration except that where such certificate has previously been submitted to a breed society for the purpose of stallion registration, a copy of the stallion registration certificate from such Society will be accepted in lieu of a Veterinary Certificate.

Buckskin Stallions and Mares with two parents registered with a breed society will be registered in the Studbook. Buckskin Stallions and Mares without two parents registered with a breed society will be registered in the Appendix.

Proof of breeding will only be accepted and acknowledged upon production of a service certificate or copy of an approved breed society registration certificate.

3 Registration Procedures

- i) Applications for registration will be examined to determine whether a horse meets the colour requirements. If any doubt exists the applicant will be contacted to arrange for confirming genetic DNA testing.
- ii) Horses may not be shown with registration pending.
- iii) The Registrar will only recognise ancestry if it is authenticated by service certificates or registration certificate of a breed society.
- iv) All horses are required to be branded or microchipped with the exception of Quarter Horses that are registered AQHA, they must be DNA typed.
- v) Members with breeding stock are able to register a stud prefix and brand with the Society. They will only need to submit one name for registration.
- vi) Members applying to register a horse of unknown breeding must include three names on any application for registration.
- vii) If a horse is already registered in a breed society, then the registered name must be used.
- viii) The applicant must be able to prove ownership of the horse either by providing a bill of sale, service certificate or certificate of registration from another society with the horse already in their name.
- ix) The Society may issue a duplicate certificate of registration provided the owner makes application in writing giving full details of the circumstances regarding the loss of the original certificate. The duplicate certificate will be issued with the wording Duplicate Certificate clearly marked. A fee as determined by the Society may be charged for replacement.
- x) No changes are to be made to the registration certificate. Any alteration or addition, excluding transfer information, is to be made by the Registrar.
- xi) Registration applications with photos and proof of breeding may be emailed to the Registrar and fees deposited into the Society bank account. This is the preferred method of application.

4 Interstate Transfer of Registration

Interstate reciprocal registrations – Buckskins residing in NSW must be registered with the Buckskin Horse Association of NSW. If a Buckskin that is registered with an interstate Buckskin Society is sold to NSW then it must be re-registered in NSW. Registration is processed for a transfer fee upon application and submission of photos and the fulfilment of the normal registration requirements.

5 Transfers

Transfers must be completed on the reverse of the registration certificate and must be forwarded to the Society together with the transfer fee in order for the transfer to be completed. The purchaser must be a financial member of the Society. Alternately, the front and rear of the registration certificate, showing the transfer, may be emailed to the Registrar together with a picture of the certificate torn in half and fee deposited into the Society bank account. The transfer will be processed, and a new certificate issued.

6 Leasing

In order for a lease of a horse to be recognised by the Society a lease form must be signed by the lessor and the lessee both of whom must be financial members of the Society. The original registration certificate is retained by the owner and a Lessee and Lessor Certificate will be electronically sent to the lessee and lessor. The Society will not enter into any disputes should they arise. Notice of termination of lease must be in writing to the Registrar.

7 Showing

- i) Owners/lessees are required to remain financial members of the Society in order to be eligible to exhibit horses in classes for registered horses registered or recorded with the Society.
- ii) All exhibits must be registered or recorded with the Buckskin Horse Association of NSW Inc. Proof of registration may be requested and must be shown on demand. Exhibits must be shown in the name of the owner or lessee as noted in the Society records.
- iii) Only horses and ponies registered in the Buckskin Studbook or Appendix of the Association are eligible to exhibit in classes restricted to Buckskin horses
- iv) Horses recorded in the Other Coloured Registry must not compete in classes for Buckskin horses but may compete in open Coloured classes at shows.
- v) Horses may be shown plaited, unplaited or hogged and shall not be discriminated against on breed type. Once registered, horses shall be judged solely on conformation and type and colour shall not be considered. Blue eyes are permitted and not to be discriminated against.
- vi) Stallions & colts 1 year of age or over shall only be shown by a handler/rider 17 years or over on the day of the show. Stallions & colts 1 year or over shall be shown in a bridle & bit with lead attached to the bit with the exception of Quarter Horses and other breeds traditionally shown in halters and in all cases the head gear must be of suitable strength and quality to enable safety and control. Stallions and colts must be entire.
- vii) No horse that has not been physically gelded, with both testicles removed, shall be eligible to be shown in classes for geldings.
- viii) Horses competing under saddle or in harness must be three years or over.
- ix) Foals must be haltered in the ring.
- x) A Brood Mare is defined to be a mare 4 years of age or over which has a suckling foal at foot, is pregnancy tested in foal, has had a foal within the last three years or has had a minimum of five foals in her lifetime. Horses exhibited in Brood Mare classes are ineligible to be shown under saddle or in harness. Brood Mares with a foal at foot are ineligible to be shown under saddle or in harness.
- xi) No horse/pony bred by or leased from the judge or his/her immediate family is eligible for exhibition.
- xii) No horse/pony which has been trained for showing purposes by the judge or his/her immediate family for period of six (6) months prior to the show shall be eligible for exhibition.
- xiii) Once exhibits have entered the judging ring there shall be no change of handler without the permission of the judge.

- xiv) The ring steward or judge has the authority to request the removal of any exhibit from the ring if its behaviour, in their opinion, is dangerous, causing interference or disadvantaging other exhibits.
- xv) The use of any artificial aid eg plastic bags, shakers, cigarette lighters, excessive use of whips to excite the exhibit is not acceptable and may result in disqualification of the exhibit.
- xvi) Judging a Dun Factor Class: No one body colour is preferred. The horse exhibiting the most examples or more prominently than another with equal number of points of the above mentioned points will be declared the winner. White markings are not prohibited – but point will be deducted at the judge's discretion. Conformation is not to be considered in a dun factor class. Horses are not given workouts in dun factor classes. (examples of Dun Factor points are in the Appendix to these Regulations)

8 Selling A Registered Horse

- i) As all registration certificates remain the property of the Society, no registered horse is to be sold without papers. The only way to dispose of papers is to apply to the Society to have the horse de-registered. Transfers must otherwise be submitted for all horses sold. If a horse is sold through auction to an unknown buyer the registration certificate and a signed transfer form should be sent to the Society with the buyer's name left blank.
- ii) The Committee reserves the right to transfer a registered horse and issue a duplicate certificate of registration, where proof of ownership in the form of a bill of sale or transfer with another breed Society is provided, in the absence of a correctly completed roan transfer.

9 Age of the Horse

The age of the horse will be calculated on the basis of a year from the first day of August of the breeding season foaled.

10 De- Registration

A horse may be de- registered by the Society

- upon written application by the owner
- if the horse was registered in error
- if the horse develops unacceptable characteristics
- if the horse is subsequently proven not to be of a colour acceptable for registration with the Society
- whose registered owner has been expelled or against whom disciplinary action has been taken
- for any reason whatsoever without assigning reason thereof

De-registration of a horse shall not constitute disqualification from re-registration.

11 Death of Registered Stock

The owner of a registered horse should notify the Society of the death of the horse.

12 Financial Year

The financial year of the Society shall be from 1st January in any year until 31st December in the following year.

APPENDIX – SEE THE COLOUR EXPLANATION DOCUMENT FOR MORE INFORMATION

DUN FACTOR POINTS:

Dorsal stripe – may be black, brown or red in colour and will vary according to the body colour. The distinct stripe will run along the backbone from the withers to the tail extending into the mane & tail. The width of the stripe will vary and will usually widen slightly over the loin area. A dorsal stripe can occur in any coloured horse but will be most prominent on a true Dun.

Leg Barring – horizontal stripes of varying widths appear across the hocks, inside and front of hind legs, back of forearms and across the knees.

Ear tips - on a true dun the top 1/3-1/2 of the ear is the darker base colour. On a buckskin the ear is only outlined with a dark edge.

Shoulder stripes or Shadowing – transverse stripes over withers running down the withers in varying widths and lengths. Occasionally more than one stripe is seen in different length. In some cases a large shadow effect is seen due to a large area covered or stripes close together forming the shadow.

Neck Shadowing – usually dark areas through the neck extending into the hollow of the shoulder. Dark shadowing or dark lines will point down from the base of the mane.

Cobwebbing on Forehead – cobwebbing originates under the forelock. Lines extend in varying lengths over the forehead resembling a spiders web. Occasionally lines extend completely around the eye.

Face masking – shading of the darker base colour on bridge of nose with same colour, usually around the eyes. The masking effect may spread to the jaw and muzzle or be outlined around the lips and nostrils.

Mane &/or Tail Frosting – white hairs on either side of mane or inter spread throughout the mane, in the tail, course, white hairs appear at the dock of the tail and they extend down the outside. Frosting always originates at the dock and never from the base of the tail.

Mottling – this is not to be confused with dapples on the horse body. Mottling is found on the forearm, gaskin, shoulders and stifles. It appears as a circular motif in shades darker than the body colour. Mottling gives the appearance of reverse dapples.

Back Barring – this is dark stripes originating from the spine & extending around the barrel giving a tiger striping effect.

Post Office Box 3087, FREEMANS REACH NSW 2756